

# Octafluoropropane

## 1. Product and company identification

### 1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Substance  
Name : Octafluoropropane (R218)  
CAS No : 76-19-7  
Formula : C<sub>3</sub>F<sub>8</sub>  
Other means of identification : Chemical Family: Halogenated  
Alkane

Synonyms: Halon-38, Halocarbon 218, Perfluoropropane, R238

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Industrial use. Use as directed.

## Manufacturer / Distributor:

### Ehsan International Gases

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## 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification (GHS-US)

Liquefied gas H280

Signal word (GHS-US) : WARNING  
Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H280 - CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED OSHA-H01 - MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION.  
CGA-HG01 - MAY CAUSE FROSTBITE.  
Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

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**2.2. Label elements**

**GHSUS labeling**

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)



GHS04

- P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
- P271+P403 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.
- CGA-PG05 - Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.
- CGA-PG06 - Close valve after each use and when empty.
- CGA-PG02 - Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F).

**2.3. Other hazards**

**2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)**

No data available

Other hazards not contributing to the classification : Asphyxiant in high concentrations.

EN (English US) SDS ID: P-4640 1/8

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## 3: Composition/information on ingredients

**3.1. Substance**

**3.2. Mixture**

Name	Product identifier	%
Octafluoropropane (R218) (Main constituent)	(CAS No) 76-19-7	100

Not applicable

## 4: First aid measures

**4.1. Description of first aid measures**

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- First-aid measures after inhalation : Immediately remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, qualified personnel may give oxygen. Call a physician.
- First-aid measures after skin contact : For exposure to liquid, immediately warm frostbite area with warm water not to exceed 105°F (41°C). Water temperature should be tolerable to normal skin. Maintain skin warming for at least 15 minutes or until normal coloring and sensation have returned to the affected area. In case of massive exposure, remove clothing while showering with warm water. Seek medical evaluation and treatment as soon as possible.
- First-aid measures after eye contact : Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. Contact an ophthalmologist immediately.
- First-aid measures after ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No additional information available

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

## 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Reactivity : No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Firefighting instructions : Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart L—Fire Protection.
- Protection during firefighting : Compressed gas: asphyxiant. Suffocation hazard by lack of oxygen.
- Special protective equipment for fire fighters : Use self-contained breathing apparatus. Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.
- Specific methods : Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas containers to rupture. Cool endangered containers with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems.
- Stop flow of product if safe to do so.
- Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.

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## 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Evacuate area. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proven to be safe. Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous. Try to stop release.

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Try to stop release. Prevent waste from contaminating the surrounding environment. Prevent soil and water pollution. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

No additional information available

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

## 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling : Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g., wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store and use with adequate ventilation. Store only

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where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Firmly secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods.

**OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE:** When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a

**7.3. Specific end use(s)**

container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

None.

**8.1. Control parameters**

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**8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

No additional information available

**8.2. Exposure controls**

- Appropriate engineering controls : Use a local exhaust system with sufficient flow velocity to maintain an adequate supply of air in the worker's breathing zone. Mechanical (general): General exhaust ventilation may be acceptable if it can maintain an adequate supply of air.
- Hand protection : Wear working gloves when handling gas containers.
- Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields. Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles when transfilling or breaking transfer connections.
- Respiratory protection : When workplace conditions warrant respirator use, follow a respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2, or MSHA 30 CFR 72.710 (where applicable). Use an air-supplied or air-purifying cartridge if the action level is exceeded. Ensure that the respirator has the appropriate protection factor for the exposure level. If cartridge type respirators are used, the cartridge must be appropriate for the chemical exposure (e.g., an organic vapor cartridge). For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or positive pressure airline with mask are to be used in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.
- Thermal hazard protection : Wear cold insulating gloves when transfilling or breaking transfer connections. None necessary.

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Environmental exposure controls : Refer to local regulations for restriction of emissions to the atmosphere. See section 13 for specific methods for waste gas treatment.

Other information : Wear safety shoes while handling containers. Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders.

## 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Gas

Molecular mass : 188 g/mol

Color : Colorless.

Odor : Ethereal.

Odor threshold : Odor threshold is subjective and inadequate to warn for overexposure.  
pH : Not applicable.

Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available

Relative evaporation rate (ether=1) : Not applicable.

Melting point : -183 °C

Freezing point : No data available

Boiling point : -36.7 °C

Flash point : Not applicable.

Critical temperature : 71.9 °C

Auto-ignition temperature : Not applicable.

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available

Vapor pressure : 770 kPa

Critical pressure : 2680 kPa

Relative vapor density at 20 °C : No data available

Relative density : 1.4

Relative gas density : 6.5

Solubility : Water: No data available

Log Pow : Not applicable.

Log Kow : Not applicable.

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Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable.

Viscosity, dynamic : Not applicable.

Explosive properties : Not applicable.

Oxidizing properties : None.

### 9.2. Other information

Explosive limits : Non flammable.

Gas group : Liquefied gas

Additional information : Gas/vapor heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level.

### 10.1. Reactivity

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## 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.2. Chemical stability

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

May occur.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

No additional information available

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition may produce : Toxic fumes. Fluorides.

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## 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	: Not classified
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified pH: Not applicable.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified pH: Not applicable.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified No known effects from this product.
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified Not applicable.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : No known ecological damage caused by this product.

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No additional information available

### 12.4. Mobility in soil



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<b>Octafluoropropane (R218) (76-19-7)</b>	
Log Pow	Not applicable.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.

<b>Octafluoropropane (R218) (76-19-7)</b>	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.

Effect on ozone layer : None.  
 Global warming potential [CO2=1] : 8830

**12.5. Other adverse effects**

Effect on the global warming : No known effects from this product. Contains Fluorinated greenhouse gases covered by the Kyoto protocol.

## 13: Disposal considerations

**13.1. Waste treatment methods**

Waste disposal recommendations : Do not attempt to dispose of residual or unused quantities. Return container to supplier.

In accordance with DOT  
 Transport document description : UN2424 Octafluoropropane, 2.2  
 UN-No.(DOT) : UN2424  
 Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Octafluoropropane  
 Department of Transportation (DOT) Hazard: 2.2 - Class 2.2 - Non-flammable compressed gas 49 CFR 173.115  
 Classes  
 Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.2 - Non-flammable gas



DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : T50 - When portable tank instruction T50 is referenced in Column (7) of the 172.101 Table, the applicable liquefied compressed gases are authorized to be transported in portable

**Additional information**

tanks in accordance with the requirements of 173.313 of this subchapter.

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Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 126

Other information : No supplementary information available.

Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers: - Ensure there is adequate ventilation. - Ensure that containers are firmly secured. - Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

**Transport by sea**

UN-No. (IMDG) : 2424  
 Class (IMDG) : 2 - Gases  
 MFAG-No : 126

**Air transport**

UN-No.(IATA) : 2424  
 Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Octafluoropropane  
 Class (IATA) : 2  
 Civil Aeronautics Law : Gases under pressure/Gases nonflammable nontoxic under pressure

## 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 US Federal regulations

<b>Octafluoropropane (R218) (76-19-7)</b>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
<b>Octafluoropropane (R218) (76-19-7)</b>	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Sudden release of pressure hazard

### CANADA

### 15.2 International regulations

<b>Octafluoropropane (R218) (76-19-7)</b>
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

### EU-Regulations

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**Octafluoropropane (R218) (76-19-7)**

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

**15.2.2. National regulations**

**Octafluoropropane (R218) (76-19-7)**

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)  
 Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)  
 Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory  
 Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)  
 Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)  
 Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

## 16: Other information

**15.3 US State regulations**

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U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No
State or local regulations	U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

: When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product.

Ehsan international asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information.

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Ehsan international. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Ehsan international., it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

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local distributor, or supplier, or download from [www.ehsan.com.pk](http://www.ehsan.com.pk) If you have questions regarding

NFPA health hazard : 2 - Intense or continued exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury unless prompt medical attention is given.

NFPA fire hazard : 0 - Materials that will not burn.

NFPA reactivity : 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.

### HMIS III Rating

Health : 1 Slight Hazard - Irritation or minor reversible injury possible

Flammability : 0 Minimal Hazard

Physical : 2 Moderate Hazard